

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,
please do not report the images to the
Image Problems Mailbox.**

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

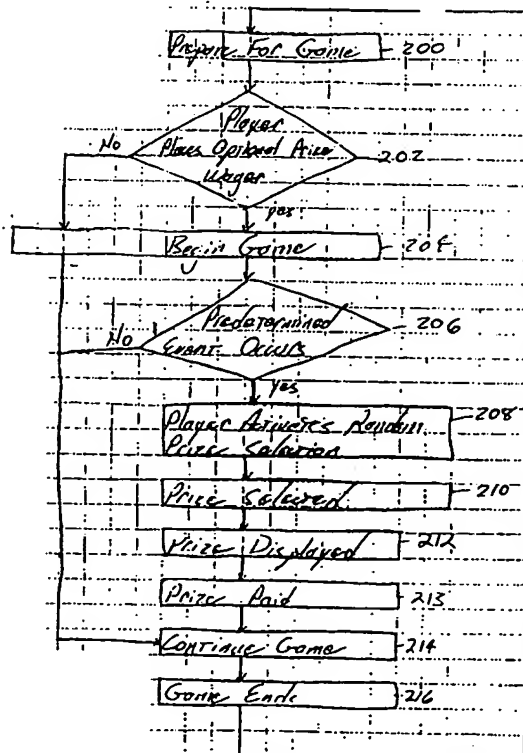
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : A63F 1/04	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 97/36658 (43) International Publication Date: 9 October 1997 (09.10.97)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/05185 (22) International Filing Date: 28 March 1997 (28.03.97) (30) Priority Data: 60/014,657 2 April 1996 (02.04.96) US 08/761,492 6 December 1996 (06.12.96) US (71) Applicant: MADNESS GAMING PRODUCTS, INC. [US/US]; 1120 Crystal Canyon Court, Reno, NV 89506 (US). (72) Inventors: BRAD, Johnson ; 1120 Crystal Canyon Court, Reno, NV 89506 (US). VAUGHN, Place ; 1120 Crystal Canyon Court, Reno, NV 89506 (US). (74) Agent: BURNS, Ian, F.; Skinner, Sutton and Watson, P.C. , 548 California Avenue, Reno, NV 89509 (US).		(81) Designated States: AT, AU, CA, DE, ES, GB. Published <i>With international search report.</i>

(54) Title: **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR RANDOM PRIZE SELECTION IN WAGERING GAMES**

(57) Abstract

A wagering game apparatus and method is provided which permits the random selection of prizes for games such as blackjack, poker, and electronic games. A side wager (202) is placed in a receptacle or designated area which indicates to the dealer that the player wishes to participate in the random jackpot selection portion of the game. If a random event occurs (206), such as the player being dealt a preselected combination of cards, the player or dealer may activate the random prize selection process. The random prize selection (208) is performed by a computer (100) which uses a random generated number to select a prize (20) from a pay table. The prize may be displayed (212) on or near the gaming table. The player is then awarded the random jackpot amount.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece			TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakhstan	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia			SG	Singapore		

5

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR RANDOM PRIZE SELECTION IN WAGERING GAMES

CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority of provisional patent application number 60/014,657, filed on April 2, 1994.

10

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of Invention

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for randomly selecting a jackpot or prize which may be used with card games, video games, and other wagering games.

2. Description of Related Art

15

The creation of large jackpots with slot machines is well known and relatively easy to accomplish because of the large number of such machines which are in operation and the ease with which these machines can be electronically linked. The large jackpots are generated by

5 accumulating a portion of each bet placed in each machine on the system and establishing sufficiently low odds for winning the jackpot that the likelihood of winning the jackpot on any single game is extremely small. The electromechanical character of the machines and the absence of an intervening dealer participating in the game makes it relatively easy to generate large jackpots such as \$1,000,000.

10 The same is not true for live card games. Such games are neither mechanically nor electrically controlled, but are played with a dealer who represents the house (casino). This increases the difficulty of retaining a portion of the bets placed during the games and accumulating them in a jackpot, along with determining the necessary high odds against winning the jackpot. Large jackpots cannot be awarded on common card combinations, such as blackjacks, because the
15 odds of occurrence of these combinations are relatively low. Furthermore, in traditional live card games the dealer would be responsible for determining when a player has a jackpot winning hand. This further complicates the setup and generation of truly large jackpots.

As a result, traditional live card games cannot match the large size of jackpots that can be won when playing mechanical or video slot machines. Even though live card games are very
20 popular, they are incapable of generating large jackpots. The player never has an opportunity to win large sums of money comparable to the multi-million dollar jackpots that are frequently paid out by casinos participating in systems made up of thousands or tens of thousands of slot machines all of which pay a percentage of their bets into a common jackpot pool.

The present invention seeks to enhance the attractiveness of live card games and to
25 provide greater player satisfaction by providing a means to modify the live card games so that large prizes can be won. The present invention also provides a means for players to participate in the process by which the prize is selected or generated.

5 The present invention contains two primary components that the prior art U.S. Patents
Nos. 5,437,462, 5,413,353, 5,280,915 and 5,078,405, as well as other casino games do not
utilize, that is random jackpot or prize selection and an electronic sign to display the amount of
such a jackpot. All other games only reference various elements of the invention displaying
jackpots, and/or requiring a preselected combination of cards to win the jackpot. These games
10 significantly diverge away from this invention in that their jackpots and payoffs are based on
progressive or fixed payoffs in contrast to the present invention that randomly selects a payoff
according to a predetermined random number generating algorithm. Furthermore, these games do
not provide a means by which a player may physically participate in the prize or jackpot selection
of the game. Other advantages of the present invention over the prior art also will be rendered
15 evident.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

1. Objects of the Invention

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a new and improved method
and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which
20 has all of the advantages of the prior art and none of the disadvantages.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a new and improved method and
apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which may
be easily and efficiently manufactured and marketed.

5 It is a further objective of the present invention to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which is durable and reliable.

 An even further object of the present invention is to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which is
10 economical to manufacture.

 Still a principal object of the present invention is to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens wherein the jackpot or prize is generated randomly by a computer when the dealer or player indicates to the machine that one or more specific card combinations or other chance events have been dealt
15 or occurred.

 It is still a further object of the present invention to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens wherein the jackpot amount won is displayed prominently at or near the table where the game is being played.

20 Still a further object of the present invention is to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens including means for the players in the game to indicate their willingness to play for an additional prize by placing a coin or chip in a designated area or receptacle.

 It is still a further object of the present invention to provide a means for recording and
25 monitoring wagers which are placed to participate in the jackpot or prize portion of the game.

 These together with still other objects of the invention, along with the various features of novelty which characterize the invention, are pointed out with particularity in the claims annexed to and forming a part of this disclosure. For a better understanding of the invention, its operating

5 advantages and the specific objects attained by its uses, reference should be made to the accompanying drawings and descriptive matter in which there are illustrated preferred embodiments of the invention.

2. Brief Description of the Invention

To achieve the foregoing and other advantages, the present invention, briefly described,
10 provides an apparatus and method to randomly select jackpots or prizes for live card games, such as blackjack, as well as electronic games. A side wager is placed in a receptacle or designated area which indicates to the dealer that the player wishes to participate in the random jackpot selection. If a predetermined event occurs, such as the player being dealt a preselected combination of cards, the dealer or player may activate the selection device. The jackpot may be
15 money, a tangible prize, such as an automobile or a service, such as a restaurant voucher. The jackpot or prize may be displayed on or near the gaming table. The player is then awarded the random jackpot amount.

The present invention is adapted to be played with a large variety of games without significantly changing the way the underlying game is played. The present invention may be
20 added to the underlying game without changing the rules and it does not require players to relearn the basic rules of the game. In the preferred embodiment, the present invention is used with 21 or blackjack card game and the predetermined event is the player receiving a blackjack. The selection is a button or plunger type switch.

The above brief description sets forth rather broadly the more important features of the
25 present invention in order that the detailed description thereof that follows may be better understood, and in order that the present contributions to the art may be better appreciated.

5 There are, of course, additional features of the invention that will be described hereinafter and which will form the subject matter of the claims appended hereto.

In this respect, before explaining at least one preferred embodiment of the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of the construction and to the arrangements of the components set forth in the following description or
10 illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced and carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein are for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.

As such, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the conception, upon which this
15 disclosure is based, may readily be utilized as a basis for designing other structures, methods, and systems for carrying out the several purposes of the present invention. It is important, therefore, that the claims be regarded as including such equivalent constructions insofar as they do not depart from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

20

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be better understood and the above objects as well as objects other than those set forth above will become more apparent after a study of the following detailed description. Such description makes reference to the annexed drawings wherein:

- Figure 1 is a schematic view of the apparatus of the present invention.
- 25 Figure 2 is a flow chart describing the random selection algorithm of the present invention.
- Figure 3 is a flow chart describing the method of play of one embodiment of the present invention.

5

REFERENCE NUMERALS

	10	preferred embodiment
	12	table
	14	dealer position
	16	coin tray
10	20	player position
	21	card region
	22	player position
	23	card region
	24	player position
15	25	card region
	26	player position
	27	card region
	28	player position
	29	card region
20	30	player position
	40	side wager receptacle
	41	confirmation light
	42	side wager receptacle
	43	confirmation light
25	44	side wager receptacle
	45	confirmation light
	46	side wager receptacle
	47	confirmation light
	48	side wager receptacle
30	49	confirmation light
	50	side wager receptacle
	51	confirmation light
	52	central indicator light
	60	connective wire means
35	62	connective wire means
	64	connective wire means
	66	connective wire means
	68	connective wire means
	70	connective wire means
40	82	connecting wire means
	84	switch button
	86	connective wire means
	90	prize display
	92	connection wire means
45	100	CPU
	150	method step
	152	method step
	154	method step
	156	method step

- 5 158 method step
- 160 method step
- 162 method step
- 164 method step
- 166 method step
- 10 200 method step
- 202 method step
- 204 method step
- 206 method step
- 208 method step
- 15 210 method step
- 212 method step
- 213 method step
- 214 method step
- 216 method step

20

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With reference now to the drawings, a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens embodying the principles and concepts of the present invention will be described.

Turning initially to Figure 1, there is seen a schematic representation of the preferred
25 embodiment of the present invention indicated at 10. In this embodiment, the game of chance that is being enhanced or supplemented is the common game of blackjack, also known as "21" or "vingt-et-un". However, it is realized that many other games, such as poker, may be adopted to be played with the present invention. The table 12 for playing this game commonly holds places for six players at player positions 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, and 30. Of course, these places are not
30 always filled, and players come and go. A dealer position 14 may be included with a coin tray 16 for storing coins, tokens or chips.

5 In the embodiment described herein, the game is being played in a casino environment, and the instant invention is particularly well adapted to this environment in that the display (discussed further hereinbelow) may be used to attract players to the table. The actual mechanics of the game of blackjack are well known and the rules and procedures of the game will not be discussed in any detail other than to note that it is contemplated that each table incorporating the present
10 invention may use multiple or single decks of cards: in the preferred embodiment the number of decks would be three.

At each playing position 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, and 30, there is a corresponding card region 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, and 31, respectively, for receiving playing cards and a corresponding side wager receptacle or area 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, and 50, respectively. In this exemplary embodiment
15 described herein, the receptacles are connected to CPU 100 through connective wiring indicated at 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70, respectively. The receptacles could have some sort of indicator means, such as an electromechanical switch, optical switch or infrared switch, for indicating the presence of a coin or token to CPU 100. This allows CPU 100 to record and monitor wagers placed in the wager receptacles. It is recognized that no receptacle may be provided and a silk
20 screened pattern, as is common in the industry, may be provided to receive the side wagers. Any value token, chip, or coin may be required by the rules of a particular game for a player to indicate his participation in the prize selection portion of the game. This wager is defined as a side or prize wager and it may be optional or required for all players. It should be noted that confirmation lights 41, 43, 45, 47, 49 and 51 or some other type of signal could be given to indicate
25 that the player's wager is recognized by CPU 100. A central indicator light 52 may be included to indicate that the random selection program is set and ready for the next game. Alternatively, the dealer, located at dealer position 14, could note the coin or token placed in a receptacle visually, and notify the CPU 100 through dealer/CPU activation means 80 and its corresponding

5 connecting wire means 82. In any case, no more side wagers would be allowed to be made once the cards have begun to be dealt.

CPU 100 may be used with multiple tables as indicated by simplified tables 90 and 92. These tables are connected to CPU 100 through wire means 94 and 96. A well-known computer data bus technology may be used to connect all of the tables to CPU 100. In this way, CPU 100
10 may be efficiently used to operate multiple games.

A certain event must be predetermined in the present invention to trigger or start the random jackpot process. In the embodiment described herein, this event is the occurrence of an Ace and a 10 value card (10, Jack, Queen, or King) in the first two cards dealt to the player. This combination, in the game of blackjack is called a "blackjack" and in the instance of such a
15 combination of cards being shown by a player, the random prize selection process may be activated in the CPU 100. The process may be activated by a number of different activation means. In the preferred embodiment, the activation means comprises a switch or button 84 with connecting wire 86. Button 84 may include a flexible cord for allowing the button to be placed in front of each player. Other activation means may include a lever arm, as on a slot machine, or a
20 pull cord hanging from above the table. One of the advantages of the present invention is that it encourages player participation and builds excitement. By pushing a button or pulling a lever arm, the player is allowed to physically activate the random selection process. This builds interest and excitement in the game and attracts new players to the game.

It should be emphasized that the predetermined combination of cards discussed in detail
25 here is simply one predetermined condition which could be used to initiate the random prize selection process. A non-winning combination of cards, in certain orders perhaps, could be used as a "consolation" trigger of the prize selection process. A joker or other type of valueless card could be placed in the deck to initiate the process. It should also be noted that the present

5 invention should in no way be considered as limited to the game of "21" Games such as poker, baccarat (being similar to "21" in playing mechanics), and electronic games may be used with the present invention. Of course, electronic games do not require dealers and activation means. It is only necessary that a predetermined event be decided on before the game is started.

In an alternative embodiment, a player is given the option of placing multiple side or prize
10 wagers, each wager representing a different predetermined event. For example, a player could wager on the occurrence of a blackjack of any suit as well as a blackjack of the same suit.

The discussion now turns to the random prize selection routine of the herein described embodiment. As seen in Figure 2, the present invention comprises a random prize selection method which may be embodied in a computer software program in CPU 100. The method may
15 begin at start program 150 which may include executing the program in CPU 100. The computer would then set a random number seed 164 for the random number generator portion of the method. Numerous random number generating techniques and seeds for initializing the random number generators are well known in the art. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the date and time supplied by the internal clock are used as seeds for the random
20 number generator. Once the random number seed is set, the random number generator continuously and successively generates random numbers 166. The random number generation continues while the program performs other tasks and functions.

While the random number generator is generating random numbers, CPU 100 may wait for a random prize selection signal 152. This would correspond in the game to periods during
25 which the dealers dealing cards and play of the underlying game proceeds as normal. Once the predetermined event has occurred, the player or dealer would activate a random prize selection signal which would may be generated by switch 84, as seen in Figure 1. The signal would be transmitted to CPU 100 by wire means 86. Once the selection signal is generated, the CPU 100

5 detects the random prize selection signal 154. At this instant, the program records the current random number 156 generated by the random number generator. The recorded random number is then compared to a pay table 158. From the comparison, a prize is selected 160 from the pay table. The prize may then be displayed 162 for the player and the dealer to see. After the prize is displayed, the program may return to a state in which it is waiting for the random prize selection
10 signal 152.

In the preferred embodiment, the random number generator generates an integer between one and 10,000. A typical pay table may appear as follows:

TABLE 1

15	Payouts	Probability	Prize	Payable Index
	(10,000 total)		Amount	
	1	0.0000012066	10,000	1
	249	0.0030044340	100	2-250
	750	0.0009049500	50	251-1,000
	1,000	0.0012066000	25	1,001-2,000
20	1,500	0.0018099000	20	2,001-3,500
	2,500	0.0030166500	15	3,501-6,000
	4,000	0.0048264000	10	6,001-10,000

The probabilities listed above include the probability of a player getting a blackjack as well as the odds of the prize amount occurring. It should be emphasized here that the probabilities are
25 approximate. Other ranges of random numbers could also be generated, and various other weighting could be used to vary the amount of a winning jackpot. Practitioners could, with calculation, determine the pay out ratio that they would wish to maintain over time. The CPU, in the present invention, would preferably be of the common PC type, and thus would be easily

5 programmable and re-programmable to allow the user to provide for varying conditions, such as special promotional jackpots, prizes, and the like. Indeed, it should be noted that the jackpot prize not necessarily be cash: cars, vacation trips, accommodations, restaurant vouchers and other types of gratuities could be offered.

In the present invention, the prize selection mechanism is performed by CPU 100.

10 However, it is recognized that other prize selection means may be used. For example, an electronically controlled spinning wheel with indicator means could be used to select the prize.

When the program has determined the amount of the prize to be awarded, it is shown at the randomly generated prize display 90 in Figure 1. This is connected to the CPU 100 by connection wire means 92. In the embodiment described herein, the display means is an LCD or
15 similar type display mounted on or suspended over the gaming table. Other locations and configurations would, of course, be obvious to a skilled artisan. The display could be a wall-mounted video screen and could be further enhanced by sound generation means when a large prize is one, thus attracting attention from other patrons of the gaming establishment. In a similar way, flashing lights could be utilized to draw attention to the winner and the amount won.

20 Though wire connections are discussed in the embodiment described herein, and shown in Figure 1, it should be noted that other communication means between the table, the dealer, and the CPU could be utilized. Remote control type technology, using pulsed IR could easily be modified to fit the present invention. Although CPU 100 is shown as separate from gaming table 12, it could, of course, be obvious to design the table with the CPU built into the table.

25 Figure 3 describes the method of the present invention from the perspective of the dealer and the player. The dealer and the player first prepare to play the game 200. This step may include clearing the table of cards and wagers from previous games and players would also place wagers to participate in a new game. At this point, each player would have the option of placing

5 an optional prize wager or side wager 202. This side wager allows the player to participate in the random prize selection of the present invention. The dealer would then begin the underlying game 204 as it would normally be played. In the game of blackjack, the dealer would deal two cards to each player and two cards to himself. The game would then continue as it normally would until a predetermined event occurred 206. In the preferred embodiment, wherein the game of blackjack
10 is the underlying game, a blackjack is the predetermined event.

If the predetermined event occurs, the player or the dealer may activate the random prize selection 208. This may be done by depressing button or switch 84 in Figure 1. In the present invention, CPU 100 performs a random prize selection algorithm which selects a prize 20 from a pay table. The prize is then displayed 212 on display means 90 and the prize 20 is paid 213. At
15 this point, the underlying game may continue to be played in its normal manner 214. Eventually, the game would reach an end 216, and the entire process may be repeated.

It is apparent from the above that the present invention accomplishes all of the objectives set forth by providing a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random prizes on live card tables and video screens that would increase the enjoyment of the players of
20 these games and would generate additional excitement and revenue in the gaming entertainment industry.

With respect to the above description, it should be realized that the optimum dimensional relationships for the parts of the invention, to include variations in size, materials, shape, form, function and manner of operation, assembly and use, are deemed readily apparent and obvious to
25 those skilled in the art, and therefore, all relationships equivalent to those illustrated in the drawings and described in the specification are intended to be encompassed only by the scope of appended claims.

5 While the present invention has been shown in the drawings and fully described above with particularity and detail in connection with what is presently deemed to be the most practical and preferred embodiment of the invention, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that many modifications thereof may be made without departing from the principles and concepts set forth herein. Hence, the proper scope of the present invention should be determined only by the
10 broadest interpretation of the appended claims so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalents.

SUMMARY

To achieve the foregoing and other advantages, the present invention, briefly described, provides an apparatus and method to randomly select jackpots or prizes for live card games such
15 as blackjack as well as electronic games. A side wager is placed in a receptacle or designated area which indicates to the dealer that the player wishes to participate in the random jackpot selection. If a predetermined event occurs during the course of the underlying game, such as the player being dealt a preselected combination of cards, the dealer or player may activate the random selection process device. The prize may be money, a tangible good, or a service. The jackpot or
20 prize may be displayed on or near the gaming table. The player is then awarded the random jackpot amount.

The selected card combinations, combined with the generated random prizes of varying values, provides for a very low probability of a large jackpot occurrence. On the other hand, the present invention seeks to provide for a sufficient number of small jackpots to occur on a frequent
25 enough basis, such that player interest is maintained and that new players are attracted to the game.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of playing a wagering game comprising the following steps:
 - (A) a player placing a prize wager,
 - (B) playing an underlying game, the underlying game being capable of producing a predetermined event,
 - (C) if the predetermined event occurs during the underlying game, then randomly selecting a prize from a predetermined set of prizes, and
 - (D) awarding the prize to the player,whereby the underlying game may be enhanced by providing an opportunity for the player to win a randomly selected prize in the playing of the underlying game.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein the underlying game is a card game.
3. The method of claim 2 wherein the underlying game is blackjack.
4. The method of claim 3 wherein the predetermined event is a blackjack hand being dealt.
5. The method of claim 4 wherein the predetermined event is the player receiving the blackjack hand.
6. The method of claim 1 wherein the underlying game is an electronic game.
7. The method of claim 1 wherein the prize is a monetary sum.
8. The method of claim 1 wherein the prize is a good or service.

9. An apparatus for use with a wagering game, the game being capable of producing a predetermined event, the apparatus comprising:
 - (A) random selection means for randomly selecting a prize from among a set of predetermined prizes,
 - (B) activation means for activating said random selection means when the predetermined event occurs, and
 - (C) display means for displaying the randomly selected prize,whereby the game is enhanced by allowing a player to win the randomly selected prize during the play of the wagering game.
10. The apparatus of claim 9 wherein said random selection means comprises a computer.
11. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein said computer comprises:
 - (A) random number generating means for generating a random number and
 - (B) memory means for storing a predetermined pay table,whereby said computer may generate a random number and select a prize by comparing the random number to the pay table.
12. The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising sensing means for sensing wagers made by the player, whereby said computer may record and monitor wagers made by the player.
13. The apparatus of claim 9 wherein said display means is an electric sign.
14. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein said activation means is an electric switch, whereby said electric switch transmits a signal to said computer.

15. A method of playing a wagering game comprising the following steps:
- (A) giving a player an option to place a prize wager,
 - (B) playing an underlying game, the underlying game being capable of producing a predetermined event,
 - (C) if the predetermined event occurs and the player placed a wager on the prize wager, generating a random number,
 - (D) selecting a prize from a predetermined pay table by comparing the random number to the pay table, the pay table having a set of predetermined prizes corresponding to ranges of possible random numbers, and
 - (E) awarding the prize to the player,
- whereby the underlying game may be enhanced by allowing the player to win a randomly selected prize in the playing of the underlying game.
16. The method of claim 15 wherein generating a random number comprises the following steps:
- (A) producing random numbers consecutively in a continuous manner and
 - (B) recording one random number when the predetermined event occurs,
- whereby the recorded random number is used in selecting the prize.

1/3

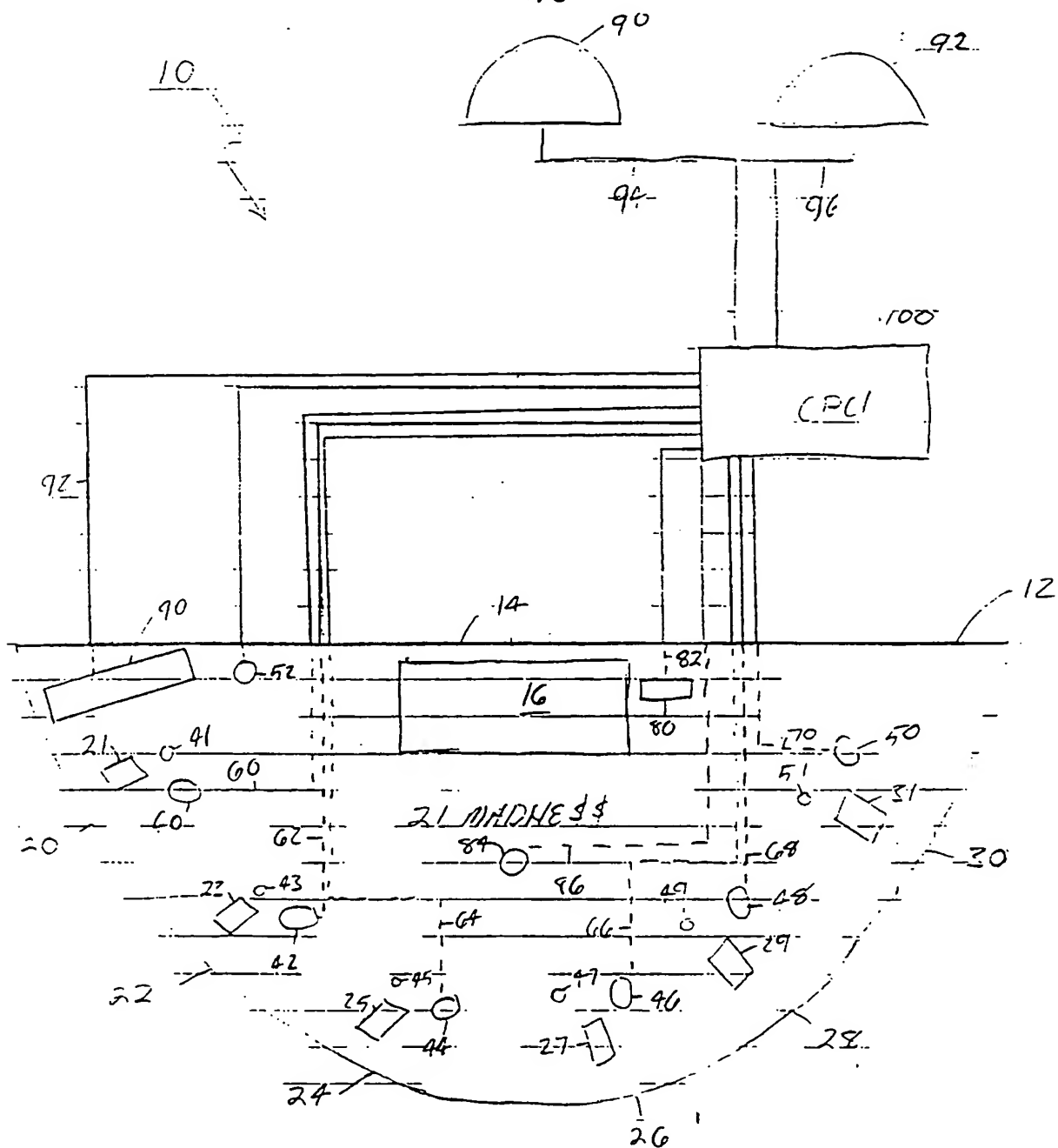
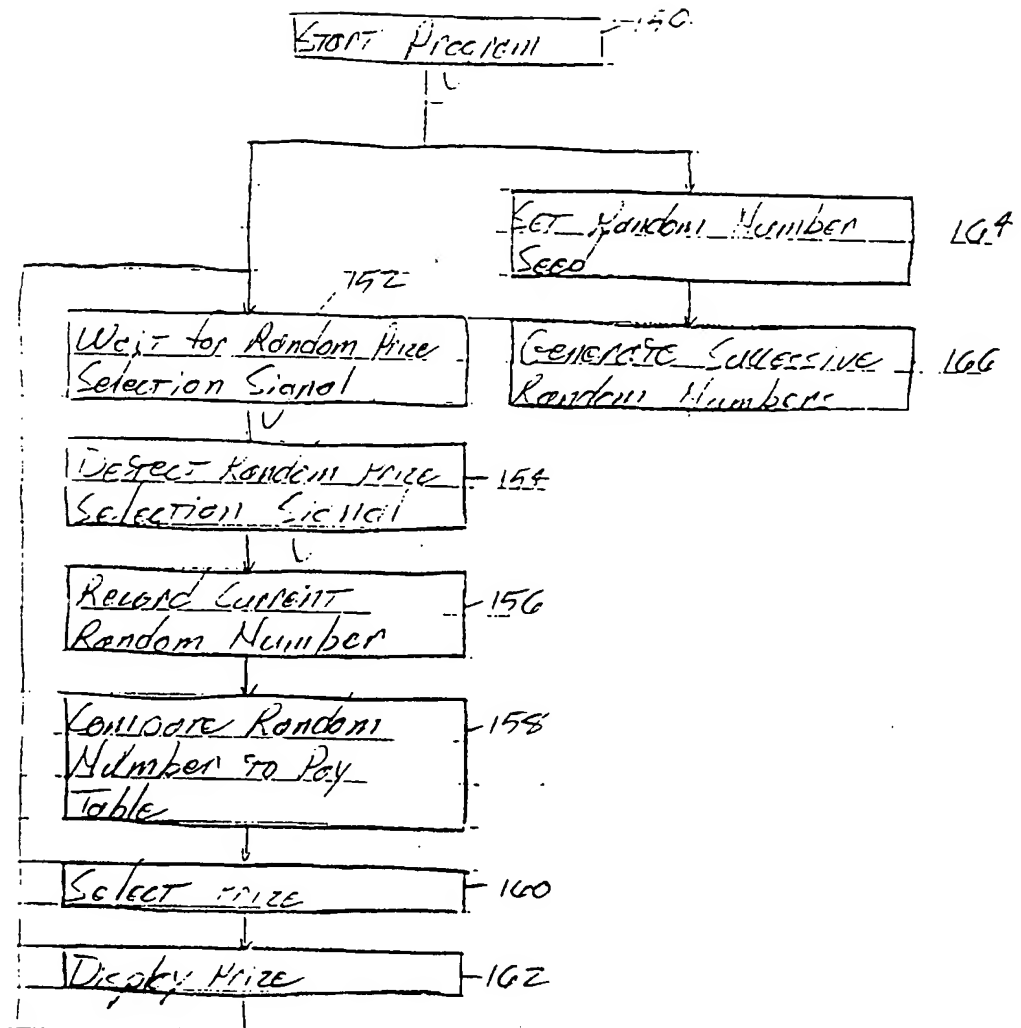


Fig 7

2/3



Fic. 2

3/3

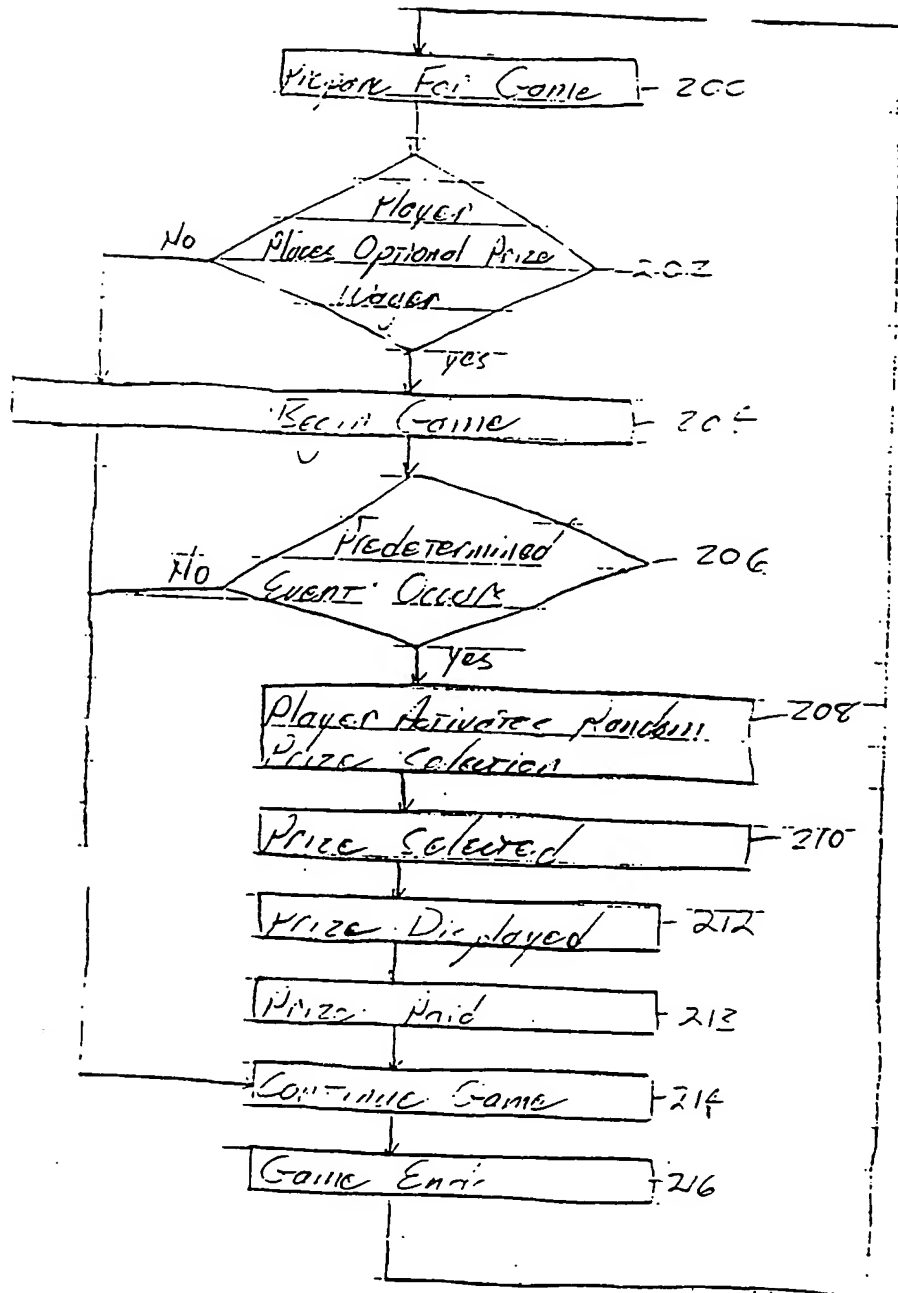


Fig. 2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US97/05185

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) :A63F 1/04

US CL :463/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 273/292, 309; 463/11, 12, 22

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US 5,288,077 A (JONES) 22 February 1994, col. 2 lines 23-46.	1-8
Y	US 5,330,185 A (WELLS) 19 July 1994, col. 2, lines 9-31.	1-8
---		-----
X		9-16
Y	US 5,377,973 A (JONES et al.) 03 January 1995. entire document	5

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"&" document member of the same patent family
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search

21 MAY 1997

Date of mailing of the international search report

09 JUN 1997

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Box PCT
Washington, D.C. 20231

Authorized officer

WILLIAM GRIEB

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

Telephone No. (703) 308-3549

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992)*

CORRECTED
VERSION*

PCT

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : A63F 1/04	A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 97/36658 (43) International Publication Date: 9 October 1997 (09.10.97)
---	-----------	--

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/05185
(22) International Filing Date: 28 March 1997 (28.03.97)
(30) Priority Data:
60/014,657 2 April 1996 (02.04.96) US
08/761,492 6 December 1996 (06.12.96) US
(71) Applicant: MADNESS GAMING PRODUCTS, INC.
[US/US]; 1120 Crystal Canyon Court, Reno, NV 89506 (US).
(72) Inventors: BRAD, Johnson; 1120 Crystal Canyon Court, Reno, NV 89506 (US). VAUGHN, Place; 1120 Crystal Canyon Court, Reno, NV 89506 (US).
(74) Agent: BURNS, Ian, F.; Skinner, Sutton and Watson, P.C., 548 California Avenue, Reno, NV 89509 (US).

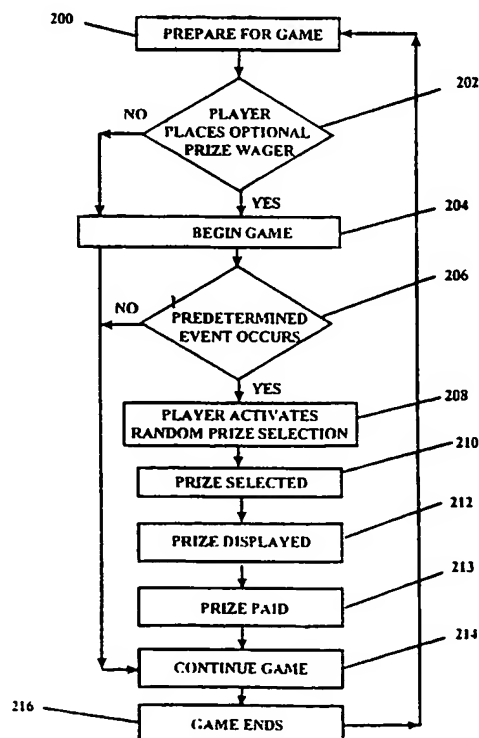
(81) Designated States: AT, AU, CA, DE, ES, GB.

Published
With international search report.

(54) Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR RANDOM PRIZE SELECTION IN WAGERING GAMES

(57) Abstract

A wagering game apparatus and method is provided which permits the random selection of prizes for games such as blackjack, poker, and electronic games. A side wager (202) is placed in a receptacle or designated area which indicates to the dealer that the player wishes to participate in the random jackpot selection portion of the game. If a random event occurs (206), such as the player being dealt a preselected combination of cards, the player or dealer may activate the random prize selection process. The random prize selection (208) is performed by a computer (100) which uses a random generated number to select a prize (210) from a pay table. The prize may be displayed (212) on or near the gaming table. The player is then awarded the random jackpot amount.



*(Referred to in PCT Gazette No. 20/1998, Section II)

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakhstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						

5

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR RANDOM PRIZE SELECTION IN WAGERING GAMES

CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority of provisional patent application number 60/014,657, filed on April 2, 1994.

10

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of Invention

The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for randomly selecting a jackpot or prize which may be used with card games, video games, and other wagering games.

2. Description of Related Art

15

The creation of large jackpots with slot machines is well known and relatively easy to accomplish because of the large number of such machines which are in operation and the ease with which these machines can be electronically linked. The large jackpots are generated by

5 accumulating a portion of each bet placed in each machine on the system and establishing sufficiently low odds for winning the jackpot that the likelihood of winning the jackpot on any single game is extremely small. The electromechanical character of the machines and the absence of an intervening dealer participating in the game makes it relatively easy to generate large jackpots such as \$1,000,000.

10 The same is not true for live card games. Such games are neither mechanically nor electrically controlled, but are played with a dealer who represents the house (casino). This increases the difficulty of retaining a portion of the bets placed during the games and accumulating them in a jackpot, along with determining the necessary high odds against winning the jackpot. Large jackpots cannot be awarded on common card combinations, such as blackjacks, because the
15 odds of occurrence of these combinations are relatively low. Furthermore, in traditional live card games the dealer would be responsible for determining when a player has a jackpot winning hand. This further complicates the setup and generation of truly large jackpots.

As a result, traditional live card games cannot match the large size of jackpots that can be won when playing mechanical or video slot machines. Even though live card games are very
20 popular, they are incapable of generating large jackpots. The player never has an opportunity to win large sums of money comparable to the multi-million dollar jackpots that are frequently paid out by casinos participating in systems made up of thousands or tens of thousands of slot machines all of which pay a percentage of their bets into a common jackpot pool.

The present invention seeks to enhance the attractiveness of live card games and to
25 provide greater player satisfaction by providing a means to modify the live card games so that large prizes can be won. The present invention also provides a means for players to participate in the process by which the prize is selected or generated.

5 The present invention contains two primary components that the prior art U.S. Patents
Nos. 5,437,462, 5,413,353, 5,280,915 and 5,078,405, as well as other casino games do not
utilize, that is random jackpot or prize selection and an electronic sign to display the amount of
such a jackpot. All other games only reference various elements of the invention displaying
jackpots, and/or requiring a preselected combination of cards to win the jackpot. These games
10 significantly diverge away from this invention in that their jackpots and payoffs are based on
progressive or fixed payoffs in contrast to the present invention that randomly selects a payoff
according to a predetermined random number generating algorithm. Furthermore, these games do
not provide a means by which a player may physically participate in the prize or jackpot selection
of the game. Other advantages of the present invention over the prior art also will be rendered
15 evident.

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

1. Objects of the Invention

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a new and improved method
and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which
20 has all of the advantages of the prior art and none of the disadvantages.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a new and improved method and
apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which may
be easily and efficiently manufactured and marketed.

5 It is a further objective of the present invention to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which is durable and reliable.

 An even further object of the present invention is to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens which is
10 economical to manufacture.

 Still a principal object of the present invention is to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens wherein the jackpot or prize is generated randomly by a computer when the dealer or player indicates to the machine that one or more specific card combinations or other chance events have been dealt
15 or occurred.

 It is still a further object of the present invention to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens wherein the jackpot amount won is displayed prominently at or near the table where the game is being played.

20 Still a further object of the present invention is to provide a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens including means for the players in the game to indicate their willingness to play for an additional prize by placing a coin or chip in a designated area or receptacle.

 It is still a further object of the present invention to provide a means for recording and
25 monitoring wagers which are placed to participate in the jackpot or prize portion of the game.

 These together with still other objects of the invention, along with the various features of novelty which characterize the invention, are pointed out with particularity in the claims annexed to and forming a part of this disclosure. For a better understanding of the invention, its operating

5 advantages and the specific objects attained by its uses, reference should be made to the accompanying drawings and descriptive matter in which there are illustrated preferred embodiments of the invention.

2. Brief Description of the Invention

To achieve the foregoing and other advantages, the present invention, briefly described,
10 provides an apparatus and method to randomly select jackpots or prizes for live card games, such as blackjack, as well as electronic games. A side wager is placed in a receptacle or designated area which indicates to the dealer that the player wishes to participate in the random jackpot selection. If a predetermined event occurs, such as the player being dealt a preselected combination of cards, the dealer or player may activate the selection device. The jackpot may be
15 money, a tangible prize, such as an automobile or a service, such as a restaurant voucher. The jackpot or prize may be displayed on or near the gaming table. The player is then awarded the random jackpot amount.

The present invention is adapted to be played with a large variety of games without significantly changing the way the underlying game is played. The present invention may be
20 added to the underlying game without changing the rules and it does not require players to relearn the basic rules of the game. In the preferred embodiment, the present invention is used with 21 or blackjack card game and the predetermined event is the player receiving a blackjack. The selection is a button or plunger type switch.

The above brief description sets forth rather broadly the more important features of the
25 present invention in order that the detailed description thereof that follows may be better understood, and in order that the present contributions to the art may be better appreciated.

5 There are, of course, additional features of the invention that will be described hereinafter and which will form the subject matter of the claims appended hereto.

In this respect, before explaining at least one preferred embodiment of the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to the details of the construction and to the arrangements of the components set forth in the following description or
10 illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced and carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein are for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.

As such, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the conception, upon which this
15 disclosure is based, may readily be utilized as a basis for designing other structures, methods, and systems for carrying out the several purposes of the present invention. It is important, therefore, that the claims be regarded as including such equivalent constructions insofar as they do not depart from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

20 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention will be better understood and the above objects as well as objects other than those set forth above will become more apparent after a study of the following detailed description. Such description makes reference to the annexed drawings wherein:

Figure 1 is a schematic view of the apparatus of the present invention.

25 Figure 2 is a flow chart describing the random selection algorithm of the present invention.

Figure 3 is a flow chart describing the method of play of one embodiment of the present invention.

5

REFERENCE NUMERALS

	10	preferred embodiment
	12	table
	14	dealer position
	16	coin tray
10	20	player position
	21	card region
	22	player position
	23	card region
	24	player position
15	25	card region
	26	player position
	27	card region
	28	player position
	29	card region
20	30	player position
	40	side wager receptacle
	41	confirmation light
	42	side wager receptacle
	43	confirmation light
25	44	side wager receptacle
	45	confirmation light
	46	side wager receptacle
	47	confirmation light
	48	side wager receptacle
30	49	confirmation light
	50	side wager receptacle
	51	confirmation light
	52	central indicator light
	60	connective wire means
35	62	connective wire means
	64	connective wire means
	66	connective wire means
	68	connective wire means
	70	connective wire means
40	82	connecting wire means
	84	switch button
	86	connective wire means
	90	prize display
	92	connection wire means
45	100	CPU
	150	method step
	152	method step
	154	method step
	156	method step

- 5 158 method step
- 160 method step
- 162 method step
- 164 method step
- 166 method step
- 10 200 method step
- 202 method step
- 204 method step
- 206 method step
- 208 method step
- 15 210 method step
- 212 method step
- 213 method step
- 214 method step
- 216 method step

20

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With reference now to the drawings, a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random jackpots on live card tables and video screens embodying the principles and concepts of the present invention will be described.

Turning initially to Figure 1, there is seen a schematic representation of the preferred
25 embodiment of the present invention indicated at 10. In this embodiment, the game of chance that is being enhanced or supplemented is the common game of blackjack, also known as "21" or "vingt-et-un". However, it is realized that many other games, such as poker, may be adopted to be played with the present invention. The table 12 for playing this game commonly holds places for six players at player positions 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, and 30. Of course, these places are not
30 always filled, and players come and go. A dealer position 14 may be included with a coin tray 16 for storing coins, tokens or chips.

5 In the embodiment described herein, the game is being played in a casino environment, and the instant invention is particularly well adapted to this environment in that the display (discussed further hereinbelow) may be used to attract players to the table. The actual mechanics of the game of blackjack are well known and the rules and procedures of the game will not be discussed in any detail other than to note that it is contemplated that each table incorporating the present
10 invention may use multiple or single decks of cards: in the preferred embodiment the number of decks would be three.

At each playing position 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, and 30, there is a corresponding card region 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, and 31, respectively, for receiving playing cards and a corresponding side wager receptacle or area 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, and 50, respectively. In this exemplary embodiment
15 described herein, the receptacles are connected to CPU 100 through connective wiring indicated at 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, and 70, respectively. The receptacles could have some sort of indicator means, such as an electromechanical switch, optical switch or infrared switch, for indicating the presence of a coin or token to CPU 100. This allows CPU 100 to record and monitor wagers placed in the wager receptacles. It is recognized that no receptacle may be provided and a silk
20 screened pattern, as is common in the industry, may be provided to receive the side wagers. Any value token, chip, or coin may be required by the rules of a particular game for a player to indicate his participation in the prize selection portion of the game. This wager is defined as a side or prize wager and it may be optional or required for all players. It should be noted that confirmation lights 41, 43, 45, 47, 49 and 51 or some other type of signal could be given to indicate
25 that the player's wager is recognized by CPU 100. A central indicator light 52 may be included to indicate that the random selection program is set and ready for the next game. Alternatively, the dealer, located at dealer position 14, could note the coin or token placed in a receptacle visually, and notify the CPU 100 through dealer/CPU activation means 80 and its corresponding

5 connecting wire means 82. In any case, no more side wagers would be allowed to be made once the cards have begun to be dealt.

CPU 100 may be used with multiple tables as indicated by simplified tables 90 and 92. These tables are connected to CPU 100 through wire means 94 and 96. A well-known computer data bus technology may be used to connect all of the tables to CPU 100. In this way, CPU 100
10 may be efficiently used to operate multiple games.

A certain event must be predetermined in the present invention to trigger or start the random jackpot process. In the embodiment described herein, this event is the occurrence of an Ace and a 10 value card (10, Jack, Queen, or King) in the first two cards dealt to the player. This combination, in the game of blackjack is called a "blackjack" and in the instance of such a
15 combination of cards being shown by a player, the random prize selection process may be activated in the CPU 100. The process may be activated by a number of different activation means. In the preferred embodiment, the activation means comprises a switch or button 84 with connecting wire 86. Button 84 may include a flexible cord for allowing the button to be placed in
front of each player. Other activation means may include a lever arm, as on a slot machine, or a
20 pull cord hanging from above the table. One of the advantages of the present invention is that it encourages player participation and builds excitement. By pushing a button or pulling a lever arm, the player is allowed to physically activate the random selection process. This builds interest and excitement in the game and attracts new players to the game.

It should be emphasized that the predetermined combination of cards discussed in detail
25 here is simply one predetermined condition which could be used to initiate the random prize selection process. A non-winning combination of cards, in certain orders perhaps, could be used as a "consolation" trigger of the prize selection process. A joker or other type of valueless card could be placed in the deck to initiate the process. It should also be noted that the present

5 invention should in no way be considered as limited to the game of "21" Games such as poker, baccarat (being similar to "21" in playing mechanics), and electronic games may be used with the present invention. Of course, electronic games do not require dealers and activation means. It is only necessary that a predetermined event be decided on before the game is started.

In an alternative embodiment, a player is given the option of placing multiple side or prize
10 wagers, each wager representing a different predetermined event. For example, a player could wager on the occurrence of a blackjack of any suit as well as a blackjack of the same suit.

The discussion now turns to the random prize selection routine of the herein described embodiment. As seen in Figure 2, the present invention comprises a random prize selection method which may be embodied in a computer software program in CPU 100. The method may
15 begin at start program 150 which may include executing the program in CPU 100. The computer would then set a random number seed 164 for the random number generator portion of the method. Numerous random number generating techniques and seeds for initializing the random number generators are well known in the art. In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the date and time supplied by the internal clock are used as seeds for the random
20 number generator. Once the random number seed is set, the random number generator continuously and successively generates random numbers 166. The random number generation continues while the program performs other tasks and functions.

While the random number generator is generating random numbers, CPU 100 may wait for a random prize selection signal 152. This would correspond in the game to periods during
25 which the dealers dealing cards and play of the underlying game proceeds as normal. Once the predetermined event has occurred, the player or dealer would activate a random prize selection signal which would may be generated by switch 84, as seen in Figure 1. The signal would be transmitted to CPU 100 by wire means 86. Once the selection signal is generated, the CPU 100

5 detects the random prize selection signal 154. At this instant, the program records the current random number 156 generated by the random number generator. The recorded random number is then compared to a pay table 158. From the comparison, a prize is selected 160 from the pay table. The prize may then be displayed 162 for the player and the dealer to see. After the prize is displayed, the program may return to a state in which it is waiting for the random prize selection
10 signal 152.

In the preferred embodiment, the random number generator generates an integer between one and 10,000. A typical pay table may appear as follows:

TABLE 1

15	Payouts (10,000 total)	Probability	Prize Amount	Payable Index
	1	0.0000012066	10,000	1
	249	0.0030044340	100	2-250
	750	0.0009049500	50	251-1,000
	1,000	0.0012066000	25	1,001-2,000
20	1,500	0.0018099000	20	2,001-3,500
	2,500	0.0030166500	15	3,501-6,000
	4,000	0.0048264000	10	6,001-10,000

The probabilities listed above include the probability of a player getting a blackjack as well as the odds of the prize amount occurring. It should be emphasized here that the probabilities are
25 approximate. Other ranges of random numbers could also be generated, and various other weighting could be used to vary the amount of a winning jackpot. Practitioners could, with calculation, determine the pay out ratio that they would wish to maintain over time. The CPU, in the present invention, would preferably be of the common PC type, and thus would be easily

5 programmable and re-programmable to allow the user to provide for varying conditions, such as special promotional jackpots, prizes, and the like. Indeed, it should be noted that the jackpot prize not necessarily be cash: cars, vacation trips, accommodations, restaurant vouchers and other types of gratuities could be offered.

In the present invention, the prize selection mechanism is performed by CPU 100.

10 However, it is recognized that other prize selection means may be used. For example, an electronically controlled spinning wheel with indicator means could be used to select the prize.

When the program has determined the amount of the prize to be awarded, it is shown at the randomly generated prize display 90 in Figure 1. This is connected to the CPU 100 by connection wire means 92. In the embodiment described herein, the display means is an LCD or
15 similar type display mounted on or suspended over the gaming table. Other locations and configurations would, of course, be obvious to a skilled artisan. The display could be a wall-mounted video screen and could be further enhanced by sound generation means when a large prize is one, thus attracting attention from other patrons of the gaming establishment. In a similar way, flashing lights could be utilized to draw attention to the winner and the amount won.

20 Though wire connections are discussed in the embodiment described herein, and shown in Figure 1, it should be noted that other communication means between the table, the dealer, and the CPU could be utilized. Remote control type technology, using pulsed IR could easily be modified to fit the present invention. Although CPU 100 is shown as separate from gaming table 12, it could, of course, be obvious to design the table with the CPU built into the table.

25 Figure 3 describes the method of the present invention from the perspective of the dealer and the player. The dealer and the player first prepare to play the game 200. This step may include clearing the table of cards and wagers from previous games and players would also place wagers to participate in a new game. At this point, each player would have the option of placing

5 an optional prize wager or side wager 202. This side wager allows the player to participate in the random prize selection of the present invention. The dealer would then begin the underlying game 204 as it would normally be played. In the game of blackjack, the dealer would deal two cards to each player and two cards to himself. The game would then continue as it normally would until a predetermined event occurred 206. In the preferred embodiment, wherein the game of blackjack
10 is the underlying game, a blackjack is the predetermined event.

If the predetermined event occurs, the player or the dealer may activate the random prize selection 208. This may be done by depressing button or switch 84 in Figure 1. In the present invention, CPU 100 performs a random prize selection algorithm which selects a prize 20 from a pay table. The prize is then displayed 212 on display means 90 and the prize 20 is paid 213. At
15 this point, the underlying game may continue to be played in its normal manner 214. Eventually, the game would reach an end 216, and the entire process may be repeated.

It is apparent from the above that the present invention accomplishes all of the objectives set forth by providing a new and improved method and apparatus for generating large random prizes on live card tables and video screens that would increase the enjoyment of the players of
20 these games and would generate additional excitement and revenue in the gaming entertainment industry.

With respect to the above description, it should be realized that the optimum dimensional relationships for the parts of the invention, to include variations in size, materials, shape, form, function and manner of operation, assembly and use, are deemed readily apparent and obvious to
25 those skilled in the art, and therefore, all relationships equivalent to those illustrated in the drawings and described in the specification are intended to be encompassed only by the scope of appended claims.

5 While the present invention has been shown in the drawings and fully described above with particularity and detail in connection with what is presently deemed to be the most practical and preferred embodiment of the invention, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that many modifications thereof may be made without departing from the principles and concepts set forth herein. Hence, the proper scope of the present invention should be determined only by the
10 broadest interpretation of the appended claims so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalents.

SUMMARY

 To achieve the foregoing and other advantages, the present invention, briefly described, provides an apparatus and method to randomly select jackpots or prizes for live card games such
15 as blackjack as well as electronic games. A side wager is placed in a receptacle or designated area which indicates to the dealer that the player wishes to participate in the random jackpot selection. If a predetermined event occurs during the course of the underlying game, such as the player being dealt a preselected combination of cards, the dealer or player may activate the random selection process device. The prize may be money, a tangible good, or a service. The jackpot or
20 prize may be displayed on or near the gaming table. The player is then awarded the random jackpot amount.

 The selected card combinations, combined with the generated random prizes of varying values, provides for a very low probability of a large jackpot occurrence. On the other hand, the present invention seeks to provide for a sufficient number of small jackpots to occur on a frequent
25 enough basis, such that player interest is maintained and that new players are attracted to the game.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of playing a wagering game comprising the following steps:
 - (A) a player placing a prize wager,
 - (B) playing an underlying game, the underlying game being capable of producing a predetermined event,
 - (C) if the predetermined event occurs during the underlying game, then randomly selecting a prize from a predetermined set of prizes, and
 - (D) awarding the prize to the player,whereby the underlying game may be enhanced by providing an opportunity for the player to win a randomly selected prize in the playing of the underlying game.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein the underlying game is a card game.
3. The method of claim 2 wherein the underlying game is blackjack.
4. The method of claim 3 wherein the predetermined event is a blackjack hand being dealt.
5. The method of claim 4 wherein the predetermined event is the player receiving the blackjack hand.
6. The method of claim 1 wherein the underlying game is an electronic game.
7. The method of claim 1 wherein the prize is a monetary sum.
8. The method of claim 1 wherein the prize is a good or service.

9. An apparatus for use with a wagering game, the game being capable of producing a predetermined event, the apparatus comprising:
 - (A) random selection means for randomly selecting a prize from among a set of predetermined prizes,
 - (B) activation means for activating said random selection means when the predetermined event occurs, and
 - (C) display means for displaying the randomly selected prize,whereby the game is enhanced by allowing a player to win the randomly selected prize during the play of the wagering game.
10. The apparatus of claim 9 wherein said random selection means comprises a computer.
11. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein said computer comprises:
 - (A) random number generating means for generating a random number and
 - (B) memory means for storing a predetermined pay table,whereby said computer may generate a random number and select a prize by comparing the random number to the pay table.
12. The apparatus of claim 10 further comprising sensing means for sensing wagers made by the player, whereby said computer may record and monitor wagers made by the player.
13. The apparatus of claim 9 wherein said display means is an electric sign.
14. The apparatus of claim 10 wherein said activation means is an electric switch, whereby said electric switch transmits a signal to said computer.

15. A method of playing a wagering game comprising the following steps:
- (A) giving a player an option to place a prize wager,
 - (B) playing an underlying game, the underlying game being capable of producing a predetermined event,
 - (C) if the predetermined event occurs and the player placed a wager on the prize wager, generating a random number,
 - (D) selecting a prize from a predetermined pay table by comparing the random number to the pay table, the pay table having a set of predetermined prizes corresponding to ranges of possible random numbers, and
 - (E) awarding the prize to the player,
- whereby the underlying game may be enhanced by allowing the player to win a randomly selected prize in the playing of the underlying game.
16. The method of claim 15 wherein generating a random number comprises the following steps:
- (A) producing random numbers consecutively in a continuous manner and
 - (B) recording one random number when the predetermined event occurs,
- whereby the recorded random number is used in selecting the prize.

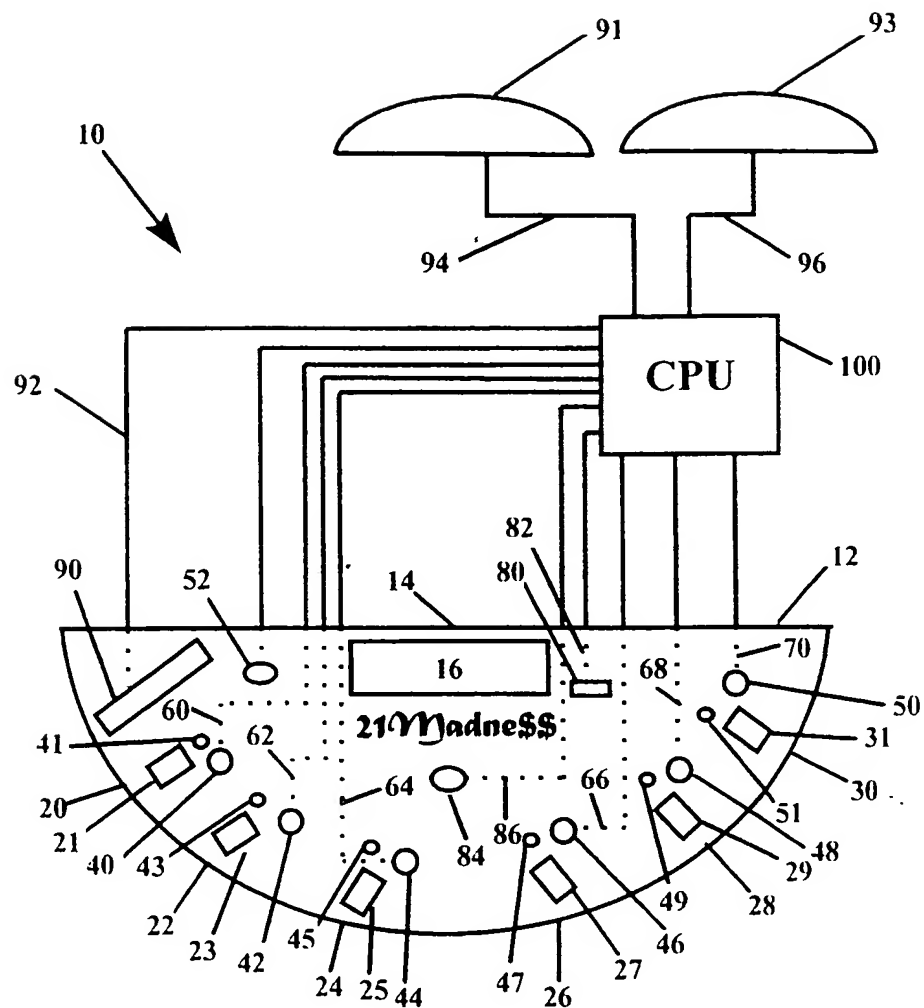


Figure 1.

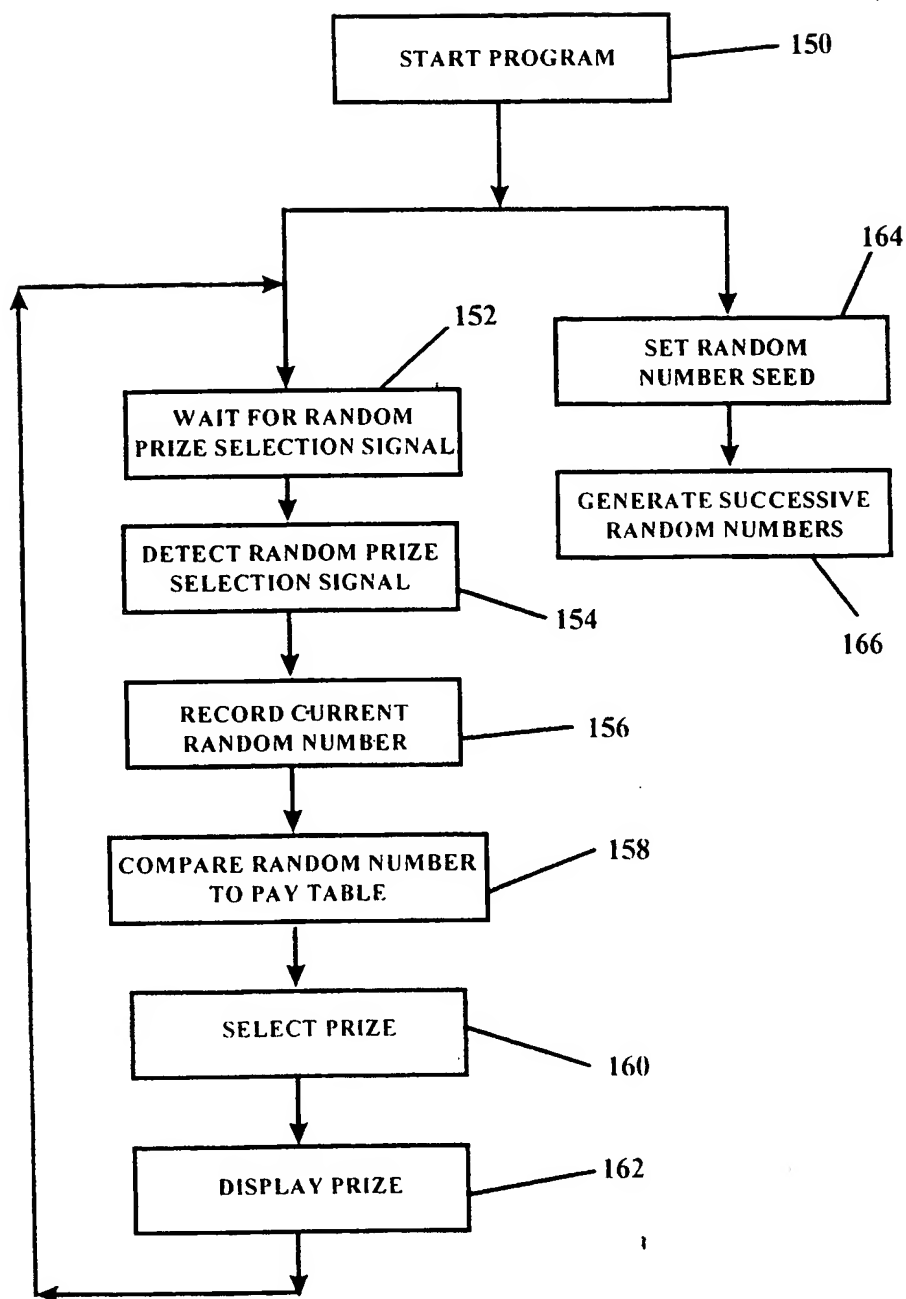
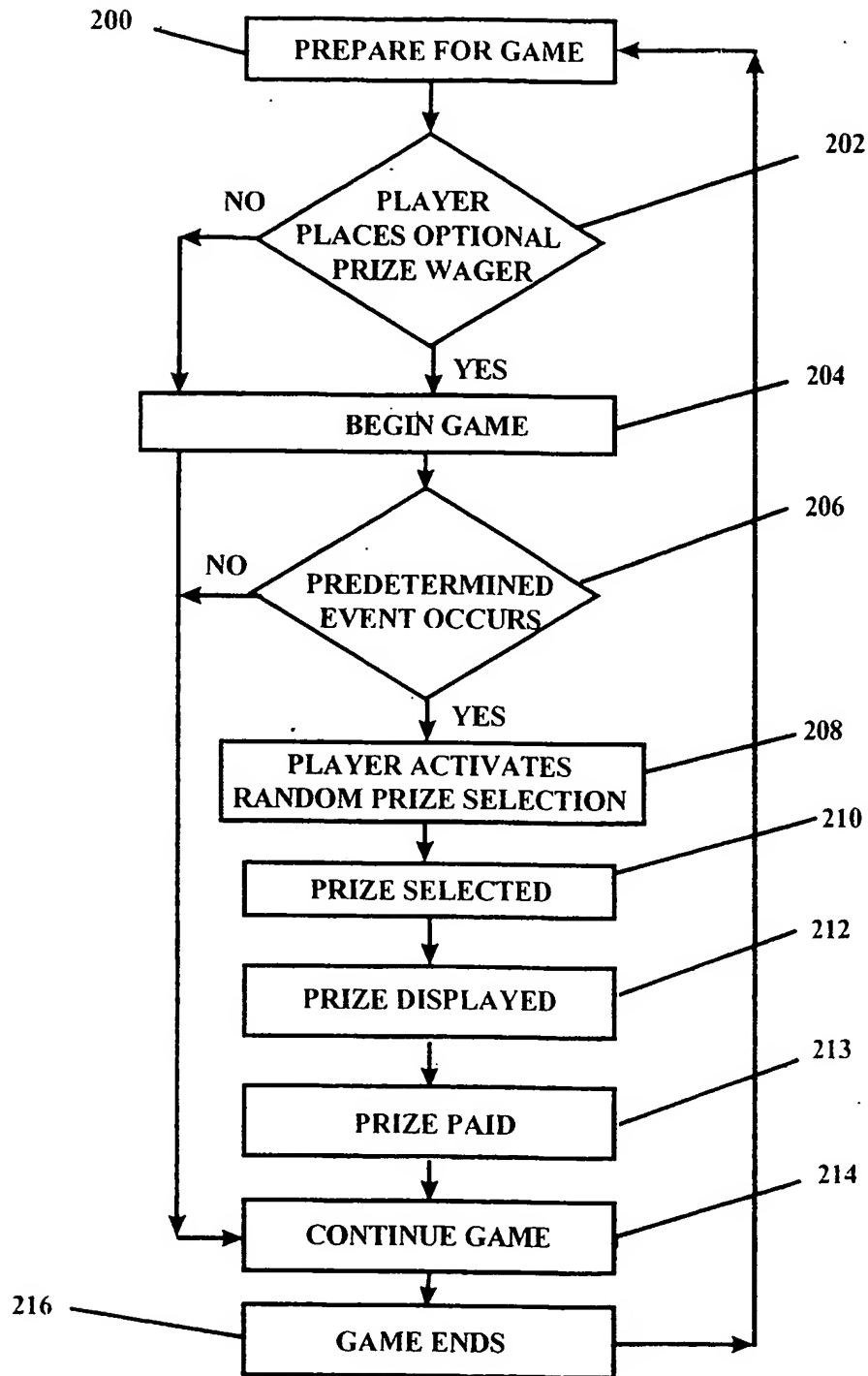


Figure 2.

3/3

**Figure 3.**

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US97/05185

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) :A63F 1/04

US CL :463/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 273/292, 309; 463/11, 12, 22

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US 5,288,077 A (JONES) 22 February 1994, col. 2 lines 23-46.	1-8
Y	US 5,330,185 A (WELLS) 19 July 1994, col. 2, lines 9-31.	1-8
---		-----
X		9-16
Y	US 5,377,973 A (JONES et al.) 03 January 1995. entire document	5

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"&" document member of the same patent family
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search 21 MAY 1997	Date of mailing of the international search report 09 JUN 1997
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Authorized officer WILLIAM GRIEB Telephone No. (703) 308-3549

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)(July 1992)*